Van Buren County, Michigan

Annual Financial Statements and Auditors' Report

June 30, 2008



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Decatur Township List of Elected and Appointed Officials June 30, 2008

Township Board

Joseph Miller – Supervisor

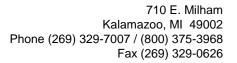
James Abshagen – Treasurer

Janet Abshagen - Clerk

Don MacKellar – Trustee

C. Joseph Miles - Trustee







Independent Auditors' Report

Members of the Township Board Decatur Township Decatur, Michigan

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Decatur Township as of and for the year ended June 30, 2008, which collectively comprise the Township's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Township's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Decatur Township as of June 30, 2008 and the respective changes in financial position, thereof, for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information identified in the table of contents are not required parts of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

As discussed in Note 9 to the financial statements, certain errors resulting in overstatement of previously reported net assets as of June 30, 2007 were discovered during the current year. Accordingly, an adjustment has been made to net assets as of June 30, 2008 to correct the error.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Decatur Township's basic financial statements. The accompanying other supplemental information listed in the table of contents is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

December 5, 2008

Kalamazoo, Michigan

Yeo & Yeo, P.C.

The management of the Decatur Township provides this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Township for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008 for the benefit of the readers of these financial statements. This management's discussion and analysis ("MD&A") is intended to assist the reader in focusing on significant financial issues and provide an overview of the Township's financial activity. The Township encourages the readers to consider the following information here in conjunction with the financial statements taken as a whole, which follow this section

HIGHLIGHTS

Government-wide:

The assets of Decatur Township were \$797,416, an increase of approximately \$135,301 from the previous year.

Fund Level:

As of the close of the fiscal year, the Township's governmental funds reported a fund balance of \$684,346.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This MD&A is an introduction to the Township's basic financial statements, which comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other required supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The statement of net assets and the statement of activities provide information about the activities of the Township as a whole and present a longer-term view of the Township's finances. This longer-term view uses the accrual basis of accounting so that it can measure the cost of providing services during the current year, and whether the taxpayers have funded the full cost of providing government services.

The Fund financial statements present a short-term view; they tell us how the taxpayers' resources were spent during the year, as well as how much is available for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the Township's operations in more detail than the government-wide financial statements by providing information about the Township's most significant funds. The fiduciary fund statements provide financial information about activities for which the Township acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of those outside of the government.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENT AS A WHOLE

The Township's net assets increased \$135,261 over the course of this fiscal year's operations to a total of \$797,416.

Net Assets as of June 30, 2008 and 2007

		Governmental Activities				
		2008		2007-as restated		
Assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	582,229	\$	490,372		
Investments		75,000		75,000		
Due from other units of government		47,230		-		
Prepaid items		4,656		5,620		
Capital assets, net		88,301		91,163		
Total Assets	•	797,416	-	662,155		
Net Assets						
Restricted for prepaid items		4,656		5,620		
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		88,301		91,163		
Unrestricted		704,459		565,372		
Total Net Assets	\$	797,416	\$	662,155		

Unrestricted net assets are the largest component of net assets. These represent resources that may be used at the Township's discretion, but often have limitations based upon policy action. The remaining net assets reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, equipment, infrastructure, and others), less any related debt outstanding that was needed to acquire or construct the assets.

The following condensed financial information was derived from the government-wide Statement of Activities and reflects how the Township's net assets changed during the fiscal year.

Change in Net Assets For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2008 and 2007

		Governmental Activities			
		2008		2007-as restated	
Revenues					
Program revenues					
Charges for services	\$	9,404	\$	13,492	
General revenues					
Taxes		270,940		260,358	
State shared revenue		168,244		142,901	
Unrestricted investment earnings		5,282		4,735	
Miscellaneous		10,549		8,414	
Total Revenues		455,015	-	416,408	
Expenses					
General government		163,517		138,128	
Legislative		-		28,703	
Public safety		7,751		12,922	
Public works		175,390		68,251	
Community and economic development		4,918			
Total Expenses		351,576		248,004	
				404.000	
Change in net assets		112,843		181,896	
Beginning net assets		662,155		480,259	
Prior period adjustment	Φ	22,418	Φ		
Ending net assets	\$	797,416	\$	662,155	

Property taxes comprise 55.7% of Governmental Activities revenue. The Township's operating millage during the fiscal year was 0.9004 mills. In accordance with Charter and State Constitutional provisions, the Township may levy up to 1.0000 mills for operation in fiscal year 2007-2008.

The Township has no income tax.

State shared revenue is collected by the State of Michigan and distributed to local governments by formula allocation of portions of the State sales tax and motor fuel and weight taxes. Fiscal year 2007-2008 receipts from the State of Michigan trended downward, attributed to discretionary reductions in revenue sharing payments by the State of Michigan.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE TOWNSHIP'S FUNDS

As the Township completed the fiscal year, its governmental funds reported fund balances of \$684,346. Of this total amount, \$416,887 constitutes unreserved and undesignated fund balance, \$4,656 is reserved for prepaid items, and \$262,803 is designated for the Township's special revenue funds, Road Improvement Fund and Lake Weed Control Fund.

General Fund

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the Township. At the end of fiscal year 2007-2008, the General Fund fund balance was \$421,543, with \$4,656 reserved for prepaid items and \$416,887 unreserved. The fund balance increased by \$84,479 from the previous fiscal year, which includes the prior period adjustment of \$22,418.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Administrative actions were taken to keep operating costs within budget.

Property tax revenue (including penalties and interest) increased \$10,582 fiscal year 2007-2008. This is attributed to increases in taxable values, new construction, and new millage amounts. The State increased revenue sharing payments minimally by \$3,193 in fiscal year 2007-2008. This resulted from State actions in response to the statewide economic slowdown.

During the fiscal year, the Township amended the budget to transfer funds among activities in the General Fund. Amendments to the budget are made due to unexpected expenditures in general fund categories. Uncommitted funds are budgeted in certain categories (showing an area of excess budgeted monies) to allow flexibility to cover the unexpected expenditures. The Township Board does not deplete monies budgeted in any categories simply because it is budgeted. These amounts are excess monies for the unexpected expenditures. Overall, expenditures for the

Township were \$103,996 under budget.

CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital Assets: At the end of the fiscal year 2007-2008, the Township had invested \$88,301, net of accumulated depreciation, in a broad range of capital assets (see the table below). Total depreciation charges for this fiscal year were \$10,522.

Capital Assets as of June 30, 2008 and 2007 (net of depreciation)

	_	Governmental Activities			
	-	2008	2007		
Land	\$	31,529	\$	31,529	
Buildings, additions and improvements		44,671		41,606	
Machinery and equipment		9,414		12,655	
Vehicles	_	2,687		5,373	
Total	\$	88,301	\$	91,163	

This year's major addition was replacement lights and signs for a total of \$7,660.

ECONOMIC CONDITION AND OUTLOOK

State multi-year tax reduction legislation curtailed the State of Michigan's revenue collections. In May 2001 it became apparent that State revenues were declining and State Revenue Sharing payments to local government were cut to meet reduced revenue projections. Such reductions, and reductions in interest earnings on surplus funds, due to declines in interest rates, negatively impacted recent fiscal years, necessitating managerial constraints on operating expenditures.

Continuing expected reductions in State Revenue Sharing and the low interest rate environment, yet continuing inflationary pressure of municipal materials, supplies and equipment, dictated prudent expenditures for fiscal year 2007-2008, and a continuance of administrative cost containment measures.

The Township Board's policy is that it must have surplus funds amounting to one year's uninterrupted operations in case State Revenue Sharing payments are withheld or drastically reduced. Surpluses are budgeted in annually for this purpose. The Board has a policy of not borrowing funds unless there is an extreme urgency.

CONTACTING THE TOWNSHIP'S FINANCIAL ADMINISTRATION

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors with a general overview of the Township's finances and to demonstrate the Township's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Township's Clerk at (269) 423-8438.

Decatur Township Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2008

	Primary Government Governmental Activities
Assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 582,229
Investments	75,000
Due from other units of government	47,230
Prepaid items	4,656
Capital assets not being depreciated	31,529
Capital assets, net	56,772
Total assets	797,416
Net Assets	
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	88,301
Restricted for:	
Prepaid items	4,656
Unrestricted	704,459
Total net assets	\$ 797,416

Decatur Township Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

Functions/Programs	Program Revenues Charges for Expenses Services		Net (Expense Revenue and Changes in Net Assets Primary Government Governmenta Activities			
Primary government						
Governmental activities General government Public safety Public works Community and economic development	\$	163,517 7,751 175,390 4,918	\$	9,404 - - -	\$	(154,113) (7,751) (175,390) (4,918)
Total governmental activities	\$	351,576	\$	9,404		(342,172)
	General revenues Property taxes State shared revenue Unrestricted investment earnings Miscellaneous				270,940 168,244 5,282 10,549	
	Tota	al general reve	nues			455,015
		e in net assets				112,843
	Net ass	sets - beginning	of year	as restated		662,155
	Prior period adjustment					22,418
	Net ass	sets - beginning	of year ((restated)		684,573
	Net assets - end of year				\$	797,416

Decatur Township Governmental Funds Balance Sheet June 30, 2008

		Canada	Special Revenue Funds Road	Nonmajor Governmental	Total Governmental
•		General	Improvement	Funds	Funds
Assets	ф	240 400	ф 040 000	Ф 40.005	Ф 500,000
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	319,426	\$ 249,908	\$ 12,895	
Investments Due from other units of government		75,000 47,220	-	-	75,000
Due from other units of government		47,230 4,656	_	-	47,230 4,656
Prepaid items		4,030			4,000
Total assets	<u>\$</u>	446,312	\$ 249,908	\$ 12,895	\$ 709,115
Liabilities					
Deferred revenue	<u>\$</u>	24,769	\$ -	<u> </u>	\$ 24,769
Fund Balances					
Reserved for:					
Prepaid items		4,656	-	-	4,656
Unreserved, reported in:					
General fund		416,887	-	-	416,887
Special revenue funds	_		249,908	12,895	262,803
Total fund balances		421,543	249,908	12,895	684,346
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	446,312	\$ 249,908	\$ 12,895	\$ 709,115

Governmental Funds

Reconciliation of Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to Net Assets of Governmental Activities June 30, 2008

Total fund balances for governmental funds	\$ 684,346
Total net assets for governmental activities in the statement of net assets is different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.	88,301
Certain receivables are not available to pay for current period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds.	 24,769
Net assets of governmental activities	\$ 797,416

Governmental Funds

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

		General	Special Revenue Funds Road Improvement	No Gov	onmajor ernmental Funds	Go	Total vernmental Funds
Revenues	_						_
Taxes	\$	106,631	\$ 154,909	\$	9,400	\$	270,940
Licenses and permits		1,000	-		-		1,000
State revenue sharing		143,475	-		-		143,475
Charges for services		9,404	-		-		9,404
Interest income		4,370	864		48		5,282
Other revenue		9,549			<u>-</u>		9,549
Total revenues		274,429	155,773		9,448		439,650
Expenditures Current							
General government	\$	159,749	\$ -	\$	_	\$	159,749
Public safety	·	7,751	· -	·	-	·	7,751
Public works		39,044	133,133		3,213		175,390
Community and economic development		4,918	-		-		4,918
Capital outlay		906					906
Total expenditures		212,368	133,133		3,213		348,714
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		62,061	22,640		6,235		90,936
Fund balance - beginning of year		337,064	227,268		6,660		570,992
Prior period adjustment		22,418					22,418
Fund balance - beginning of year restated		359,482	227,268		6,660		593,410
Fund balance - end of year	\$	421,543	\$ 249,908	\$	12,895	\$	684,346



Governmental Funds

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

Net change in fund balances - Total governmental funds	\$ 90,936
Total change in net assets reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities is different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. Depreciation expense Capital outlay	(10,522) 7,660
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenue in the funds. State shared revenue	 24,769
Change in net assets of governmental activities	\$ 112,843

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Reporting entity

Decatur Township was organized in 1837 and covers an area of approximately 36 square miles. The Township is governed by an elected five-member Board and provides services to more than 3,600 residents in areas including public safety, public works, and community enrichment and development. The accompanying financial statements present the government. This report does not include the financial statements of the Decatur-Hamilton Joint Fire Boards which operates autonomously under an intergovernmental services agreement.

Government-wide and fund financial statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of changes in net assets) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. *Government activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the *primary government* is reported separately from certain legally separate *component units* for which the primary government is financially accountable. The Township only has governmental activities.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segments are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly

included among program revenues are reported instead as *general* revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, sales taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of



the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

The government reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Road Improvement Fund is used to account for the Township's road improvement activities funded by special tax monies.

Additionally, the government reports the following:

The Lake Weed Control Fund is used to account for the Lake of the Woods maintenance funded by special tax monies.

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in the government-wide financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the government's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Assets, liabilities, and net assets or equity

Deposits and investments – Cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with a maturity of three months or less when acquired. Investments are stated at fair value based on quoted market price. Certificate of deposits are stated at cost which approximates fair value.

Receivables and payables – In general, outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Activity between funds that is representative of lending/borrowing arrangement outstanding at the end of the fiscal year is referred to as "advances to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and the business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

All trade and property tax receivables are shown as net of allowance for uncollectible amounts. Property taxes are levied on each December 1st on the taxable valuation of property as of the preceding December 31st. Taxes are considered delinquent on March 1st of the following year, at which time penalties and interest are assessed.

The 2007 taxable valuation of the government totaled \$77,618,740 on which ad valorem taxes consisted of 0.9004 mills for operating purposes. This resulted in \$69,888 for operating expenses, exclusive of any Michigan Tax Tribunal or Board of Review adjustments. Prepaid items – Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future fiscal years and are recorded as prepaid items in both

government-wide and fund financial statements.



Capital assets – Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$1,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost, if purchased or constructed.

The reported value excludes normal maintenance and repairs which are essentially amounts spent in relation to capital assets that do not increase the capacity or efficiency of the item or extend its useful life beyond the original estimate. In the case of donations the government values these capital assets at the estimated fair value of the item at the date of its donation.

Property, plant and equipment are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

B uildings40 yearsB uilding improvements15 to 30 yearsVehicles5 to 10 yearsOffice equipment5 to 7 years

Fund equity – In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purposes. Designations of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.

Comparative data

Comparative data is not included in the government's financial statements.

Upcoming Accounting and Reporting Changes

The Government Accounting Standards Board has issued Statement No. 45, Accounting and Reporting by Employers for Postemployment

Benefits other than Pensions. The new pronouncement provides guidance for local units of government in recognizing the cost of retiree health care. The new rules will cause government-wide financial statements to recognize the cost of providing retiree healthcare coverage over the working life of the employee, rather than at the time the health care premiums are paid. The new pronouncement is effective for the year ending June 30, 2010.

The Government Accounting Standards Board has issued Statement No. 49, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pollution Remediation Obligations*. This statement addresses how to account for pollution remediation activities of the effects of existing pollution; it does not include prevention or control activities or remediation required upon the retirement of an asset. In general, the new rules will cause government-wide financial statements to recognize a liability on the current value of expected costs as estimated using the expected cash flows method. This statement is effective for the year ending June 30, 2009. However, measurement is required as of the beginning of the period.

The Government Accounting Standards Board has issued Statement No. 51, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Intangible Assets. The new standard characterizes an intangible asset as an asset that lacks physical substance, is nonfinancial in nature and has an initial useful life extending beyond a single reporting period. In general, the new rules will cause government-wide financial statements to include intangible assets as capital assets. This statement is effective for the year ending June 30, 2010.



Note 2 - Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

Budgetary information

The government is subject to the budgetary control requirements of the Uniform Budgeting Act (P.A. 621 of 1978, as amended). Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for the General Fund and all Special Revenue Funds. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal yearend.

During June, the Township Clerk submits to the Township Board a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comments and the budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution prior to July 1.

The budget document presents information by fund and line items. The legal level of budgetary control adopted by the governing body is the line item level. The Township Clerk is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts between line items within an activity; however, any revisions that alter the total expenditures of an activity must be approved by the Township Board.

Amounts encumbered for purchase orders, contracts, etc. are not tracked during the year. Budget appropriations are considered to be spent when goods are received or services rendered.

Note 3 - Deposits and Investments

At yearend the government's deposits and investments were reported in the basic financial statements in the following categories:

Cash and
Cash
Equivalents Investments

Governmental activities \$ 582,229 \$ 75,000

The breakdown between deposits and investments is as follows:

Primary Government

Bank deposits (checking and savings accounts, money markets, and certificates of deposit)

657,229

Interest rate risk – The government does have a formal investment policy to manage its exposure to fair value losses from changes in interest rates.

Credit risk – State statutes authorize the government to make deposits and invest in the accounts of federally insured banks, credit unions, and savings and loan associations which have an office in Michigan. The local unit is allowed to invest in bonds, securities and other obligations of the United States, or any agency or instrumentality of the United States; United States government or federal agency obligations; repurchase agreements; bankers acceptance of United States Banks; commercial paper rated within the two highest classifications which mature not more than 270 days



after the date of purchase; obligations of the State of Michigan or any of its political subdivisions, which are rated as investment grade; and mutual funds composed of investment vehicles that are legal for direct investment by local units of government in Michigan. The investment policy adopted by the government authorizes investment in bonds and securities of the United States government and bank accounts and certificates of deposit, but not the remainder of State statutory authority as listed above.

Concentration of credit risk – The government has no policy that would limit the amount that may be issued in any one issuer.

Custodial credit risk – deposits – In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned to it. The government does not have a policy for custodial credit risk. As of yearend, \$500,559 as exposed to custodial credit risk because it was uninsured and uncollateralized.

Note 4 - Deferred Revenue

Governmental funds report deferred revenue in connection with receivables for revenue that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received but not yet earned. At the end of the current fiscal year, the various components of deferred revenue are as follows:

	<u>Un</u>	<u>available</u>
Primary government		
State shared revenue	\$	24,769

Note 5 - Capital Assets

Capital assets activity of the primary government for the current year was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Governmental activities Capital assets not being depreciated Land	\$ 31,529	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 31,529
Total capital assets not being depreciated	31,529			31,529
Capital assets being depreciated Buildings, additions and improvements Machinery and equipment Vehicles	169,564 35,767 16,432	7,660 - -	- - -	177,224 35,767 16,432
Total capital assets being depreciated	221,763	7,660		229,423
Less accumulated depreciation for Buildings, additions and improvements Machinery and equipment Vehicles	127,958 23,112 11,059	3,241	- - -	132,553 26,353 13,745
Total accumulated depreciation	162,129	10,522	-	172,651
Net capital assets being depreciated	59,634	(2,862)		56,772
Governmental activities capital assets, net	<u>\$ 91,163</u>	\$ (2,862)	\$ -	\$ 88,301

Depreciation expense for the year ended June 30, 2008 of \$10,522 was charged to the general government programs.



Note 6 - Risk Management

The government is exposed to various risks of loss related to property loss, torts, errors and omissions and employee injuries (workers' compensation), as well as medical benefits provided to employees. The government has purchased commercial insurance for all claims. Settled claims relating to the insurance have not exceeded the amount of insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Note 7 - Van Buren County Road Commission

The Van Buren County Road Commission does substantially all road improvements for Decatur Township. The funding of such projects is provided by Township and County residents. All disbursements to the Road Commission by the Township are included in the governmental funds financial statements as an expenditure at the time of disbursement. Accordingly, a portion of the disbursement may represent an advance of road improvement funds before such project has begun or been completed by the Road Commission.

Note 8 - Contingent Liabilities

Amounts received or receivable from grant agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures that may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although the government expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

Note 9 - Restatement of Net Assets

The prior year financial statements incorrectly reported net assets invested in capital assets gross rather than net of accumulated depreciation. This resulted in an overstatement of net assets of \$151,323. An adjustment has been made to report beginning net assets net of accumulated depreciation.

Note 10 - Prior Period Adjustment

A prior period adjustment for \$22,418 was recorded in the General Fund and for governmental activities to adjust the beginning fund balance for a state revenue sharing payment which should have been recorded as a receivable and revenue in the prior year.



Decatur Township Required Supplemental Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule

General Fund

	(Budgeted Amounts Original Final			Actual		Actual Over (Under) Final Budget	
Revenues								
Taxes								
Property taxes	\$	64,600	\$	64,600	\$	70,283	\$	5,683
Administration fee		30,000		30,000		36,348		6,348
Licenses and permits		1,500		1,500		1,000		(500)
State revenue sharing		145,000		145,000		143,475		(1,525)
Charges for services		10,500		10,500		9,404		(1,096)
Interest income		2,000		2,000		4,370		2,370
Other revenue		7,000		7,000		9,549		2,549
Total revenues		260,600		260,600		274,429		13,829
Expenditures								
General government								
Township board		39,800		39,800		25,262		(14,538)
Supervisor		46,884		46,884		40,239		(6,645)
Clerk		19,410		19,410		18,128		(1,282)
Board of review		1,050		1,050		1,050		-
Treasurer		23,070		23,070		20,074		(2,996)
Elections		9,000		9,000		2,261		(6,739)
Buildings and grounds		15,200		16,200		13,613		(2,587)
Cemetery		33,300		40,700		39,122		(1,578)
Total general government		187,714		196,114		159,749		(36,365)

Decatur Township Required Supplemental Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund

	Budgeted Original	l Amounts Final	Actual	Actual Over (Under) Final Budget
Public safety Police	\$ 15,000	\$ 15,000	\$ 7,751	\$ (7,249)
Public works Department of public works	88,000	83,000	39,044	(43,956)
Community and economic development Zoning	13,150	13,150	4,918	(8,232)
Capital outlay	12,500	9,100	906	(8,194)
Total expenditures	316,364	316,364	212,368	(103,996)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(55,764)	(55,764)	62,061	117,825
Fund balance - beginning of year	337,064	337,064	337,064	-
Prior period adjustment			22,418	22,418
Fund balance - beginning of year (restated)	337,064	337,064	359,482	22,418
Fund balance - end of year	\$ 281,300	\$ 281,300	\$ 421,543	\$ 140,243

Required Supplemental Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule

Road Improvement Fund

		Budgeted	l Amo				C	Actual Over (Under) Final
	Original		Final		Actual		Budget	
Revenues								
Taxes	\$	155,000	\$	155,000	\$	154,909	\$	(91)
Interest income						864		864
Total revenues		155,000		155,000		155,773		773
Expenditures								
Current Public works		383,040		383,040		133,133		(249,907)
								,
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(228,040)		(228,040)		22,640		250,680
Fund balance - beginning of year		227,268	-	227,268		227,268		<u>-</u>
Fund balance - end of year	\$	(772)	\$	(772)	\$	249,908	\$	250,680

Other Supplemental Information Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2008

		Special Revenue Lake Weed Control				
Assets Cash and cash equivalents	<u>\$</u>	12,895				
Fund Balances Undesignated	\$	12,895				

Other Supplemental Information

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds

	Special Revenue Lake Weed Control
Revenues	
Taxes	\$ 9,400
Interest income	48
Total revenues	9,448
Expenditures	
Public works	3,213
Excess of revenues over expenditures	6,235
	0.000
Fund balance - beginning of year	6,660
Fund balance - end of year	\$ 12,895
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December 5, 2008

Management and the Board Decatur Township P.O. Box 33 Decatur, MI 49045

Dear Board:

We have completed our audit of the financial statements of Decatur Township as of and for the year ended June 30, 2008 and have issued our report dated December 5, 2008. We are required to communicate certain matters to you in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America that are related to internal control and the audit. The appendices to this letter set forth those communications as follows:

I Auditors' Communication of Significant Matters with Those Charged with Governance

II Management Comments

We discussed these matters with various personnel of the Township during the audit. We would also be pleased to meet with you to discuss these matters at your convenience.

These communications are intended solely for the information and use of management, the Board, others within the organization, and are not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than those specified parties.

Sincerely,

Kalamazoo, Michigan

Geo & Geo, P.C.



Appendix I Communication to Those Charged with Governance

Responsibilities under generally accepted auditing standards

As stated in our engagement letter dated July 25, 2008, we are responsible for conducting our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (US GAAS) established by the Auditing Standards Board of the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Our responsibility, as prescribed by US GAAS, is to express an opinion about whether the financial statements prepared by management, with your oversight, are fairly presented, in all material respects. Our audit does not relieve you of your responsibilities.

Planned Scope and Timing of the Audit

We performed the audit as outlined in our engagement letter to you related to planning matters dated July 25, 2008

Significant Audit Findings

Management is responsible for the selection and use of appropriate accounting policies. We will advise management about their appropriateness and application. The significant accounting policies are described in Note 1 of the financial statements. We noted no transactions entered into by the Township during the year where there is lack of authoritative guidance or consensus. There are no significant transactions that were recognized in a period other than which they occurred.

Accounting estimates are based on management's knowledge and experience about past and current events and assumptions. Some estimates are sensitive because of their significance to the financial statements and the fact that future events affecting them may differ from those expected.

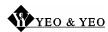
Disclosures in the financial statements are neutral, consistent and clear. Certain disclosures are more sensitive than others due to their relevance to the users of the financial statements.

Difficulties Encountered During the Audit

We encountered no significant difficulties in dealing with management in performing and completing our audit

Corrected and Uncorrected Misstatements

Professional standards require that the auditor accumulate all known and likely misstatements identified during the audit, other than those the auditor believes to be trivial. The adjustments identified during the audit have been communicated to management and management has posted all adjustments.



Disagreements with Management

A disagreement with management is defined as a financial accounting, reporting or auditing matter, whether or not resolved to our satisfaction, which could be significant, individually or in the aggregate to the financial statements or the auditors' report. We had no disagreements with management during the audit.

Management Representations

We have requested certain representations from management that are included in the management representation letter dated as of the date of the audit report.

Management's Consultations with Other Accountants

From time to time, management may decide to consult with other accountants about audit and accounting matters. Should this occur, professional standards require the consulting accountant to communicate with us to determine that they have all the relevant facts. To our knowledge, there were no consultations with other accountants during the year.

Significant Issues Discussed or Subject to Correspondence with Management

From time to time auditors discuss significant issues with management such as business conditions affecting the entity, business plans and strategies that may affect the risk of material misstatement and the application of accounting principles and auditing standards. The issues discussed during the audit occurred during the normal course of our professional relationship and our responses were not a condition to our retention.



Appendix II Management Comments

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of Decatur Township as of and for the year ended June 30, 2008, we considered Decatur Township's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing our audit procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Township's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Township's internal control.

However, during our audit we became aware of several matters that are opportunities for strengthening internal controls, improving operating efficiency and reducing expenses. This letter does not affect our report dated December 5, 2008, on the financial statements of Decatur Township. Our comments and recommendations regarding those matters are:

Financial Statement Preparation Controls

In conjunction with our audit, we have been contracted to prepare the financial statements and related disclosures based on the information provided to us by Management. We would like to stress that this service is allowable under AICPA ethics guidelines and may be the most efficient and effective method for preparation of the Township's financial statements. However, if at any point in the audit we as auditors are part of the Township's control system for producing reliable financial statements, auditing standards indicate that the Township has a control deficiency. If Management is not able to prepare financial statements, including disclosures, and the auditors are contracted to prepare these statements, this is considered a control deficiency.

Suggestion: We recommend that Management and those charged with governance evaluate and document their decision on the costs and benefits of whether to contract for this service with our firm.

